

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

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HUNGRY INDIANS.

Sufferings of the Chippewas of North Dakota

As Seen and Described by Bishop Shanley.

He Charges the Government With Stealing 11,000,000 Acres of Land from the Tribe and Putting Them on a Reservation Too Small for Their Support. Many Dying for Want of Food.

PHILADELPHIA, March 18.—Right Rev. Rev. John Shanley, D. D., bishop of North Dakota, occupied the pulpit of the cathedral here Sunday, and told a pitiful story of the privations and sufferings of the Chippewa Indians, occupying the reservation at the extreme northern part of his diocese. His object was to secure assistance for their relief. With that end in view he described most vividly the condition of these Indians as witnessed by himself during the recent cold weather, when the thermometer marked 40 degrees below zero. He charged the government with having stolen 11,000,000 acres of land this tribe possessed when Dakota territory was divided between the Sioux and Chippewa Indians.

"Eleven million acres were stolen boldly, and not one cent paid in return for it," said his Grace, "and the owners sent to the northern border of the State, the coldest and bleakest spot in the country, where two townships were organized with 5,000 acres of land. This is filled with bad timber forests and lakes, swamps and rocks. On these 5,000 acres were put 1,830 Indians, who are trying to make their living. These wards of the United States are living where 100 white men could scarcely raise enough to keep them alive."

His Grace then described a personal visit to these townships, "where," he said, "I witnessed scenes that would have disgraced Siberia. I spent over a week with these people, with the thermometer registering 40, and sometimes 44, degrees below zero. The Indian houses are log huts, constructed by the Indians themselves, without flooring, and with sheets and quilts covering the windows and doorways. The crevices between the logs are filled with mud, that cracks and falls out by the summer heat and is blown out by the northern winter blasts, so that the occupants may as well be sleeping outside. In these huts it is not infrequent to find six families living."

"Those 1,830 Indians cannot make their own living there. They have never been supplied with proper agricultural implements. Last spring the director of the Catholic Indian bureau sent twenty-four plows to these Indians, and with these they managed to break 500 acres of this virgin soil. But there was no rain, and to-day they are absolutely destitute—no grain, no food, no clothing, no money. One thousand eight hundred and thirty Christians—1,830 of God's children—are living on the continent to-day on the point of starvation.

"While visiting these people I entered the house of an old Indian. There was no food in the house that day, but there were tears and desperation. A poor old Indian woman had a puny, sickly child in her arms. She wept for joy when she saw us, thinking God had sent relief to her children. She showed me her child. There was not a pound of flesh on its bones. I am sure that child is dead. I am not easily moved, used as I am to scenes of misery in large cities, but I could cry out on that occasion. In one corner of the room there was a boy 6 years of age, another was crying at the chimney-place, trying to warm his shivering form, while an old Indian was kneeling by the fire-place muttering, probably vowing vengeance on the white race.

"At another hovel a poor old man of 85 years of age was lying on the frozen ground, dying of consumption; no one near him but his poor old wife, who knelt over him with a rosary in her hands, praying for God to take her husband. Night was setting in—no light, no candle; no one to say a kind word to the poor old couple. And this in a Christian country, in the United States of America; the land of the free, the land of plenty.

"In another hovel I found the children without clothing, gathered around the fireplace, plucking out the charred sticks that they might roll in the warmth.

"The United States appropriates \$5,000 to these Indians, about \$2.50 to each one. This amount is spent in flour and fat pork, and distributed among them. The pork is sickening. I myself would not have believed the truth of this story if I had not witnessed it. During the eighteen months previous to the 1st of January, 1890, out of 1,400 Indians, 100 died. During the month of January twenty-seven died. These deaths are almost invariably of starvation. The women are almost universally clad in one garment, a calico dress, to protect them, and let it be said, to their credit, that not one woman was missing from the little parish church on Sunday."

The reverend speaker closed by an appeal to the congregation to extend to these poor people, their unfortunate brethren, a portion of their substance for their relief.

TO BE "FIRED OUT."

The Boomers from the Cherokee Strip.

Chief Mayes Greatly Angered.

FORT LEAVENWORTH, Kan., March 18.—Gen. Merritt has ordered six troops of cavalry to proceed to the Cherokee strip and oust the boomers there. Two troops of cavalry have been ordered from each of the three towns of Oklahoma City, Fort Reno and Fort Supply to proceed at once to Guthrie. At that point the forces

will be united under the senior captain, and a concentrated movement on the settlers will be made.

Lieut. Dodge, a staff officer of Gen. Merritt, was dispatched Saturday from Fort Leavenworth to the strip to at once make a full report by telegraph of the state of affairs. Troops at Fort Leavenworth will be put in readiness to move should the report from Lieut. Dodge make such action necessary. It was learned Sunday evening that Gen. Merritt has given instructions for the troops to give the settlers ample time to vacate before resorting to forcible measures.

Under no circumstances will such measures be taken unless the boomers, after being given full opportunity to vacate, refuse to leave. In any case, the movement on the boomers will not be hasty. A day or two will probably elapse after the arrival of the troops at Guthrie before the march to the strip is taken up.

Prairie Fire in the Strip.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., March 18.—The disappointed and deluded boomers continue to arrive on every train from the Cherokee strip. Reports from Caldwell and Hunnewell state that there has been little excitement beyond the advent of a few belated settlers who had not heard of the president's proclamation.

Mr. Burnett, a large cattle owner, near here has returned from a trip over his range and reports that no cattle have been killed by fire or the boomers. He estimates the number of acres burned over to be at least 100,000, but thinks that enough grass remains to feed the cattle until new grass sprouts. Burnett reports that the colonists are on their way out of the strip in great numbers and expressed the opinion that but few would be left for the military to dispose of.

Lieut. Dodge, of Gen. Merritt's staff, who arrived here Sunday, said he thought most of the boomers now located upon the strip would vacate voluntarily when they learned the consideration of affairs. The troops will probably be located in the southern part of the strip where they can make effective patrol.

New Town Organized.

WILLOW SPRINGS, I. T., March 18.—Neither the president's proclamation nor the order for troops to oust the boomers has yet been received here. Consequently the boomers are still arriving in their prairie schooners. Some are returning to Kansas and Oklahoma, but for every one that leaves there is another to take

his place.

Many town-site boomers are here, and considerable of a town has been laid off and surveyed. A large tent has been erected where the boomers held a meeting this afternoon and organized in the town of Willow Springs. The streets are to be laid off to-morrow, and town lots are to be so secured by lottery. The female boomers were accorded the privilege of making first and second choice of corner lots. A large lumber yard is to be erected, and building will begin at once.

Leaving the Forbidden Territory.

GUTHRIE, I. T., March 18.—The president's proclamation, ordering all settlers on the Cherokee strip to vacate, is already having the desired effect. This, together with the orders received by Gen. Merritt, at Fort Leavenworth, to use troops if necessary to eject the boomers, has already caused considerable of an exodus from the forbidden territory.

All day long the trains were loaded down with boomers leaving the strip. A large number of them went to Arkansas City, and about 100 came to this point. Many poor people who flocked to the Cherokee strip under the wrong impression that it was open to settlement have not the means to return and will remain there until the troops escort them out.

Chief Mayes Wants the "Sooners" Shot.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Joe B. Mayes, principal chief of the Cherokee nation, is in the city, having come on here for the purpose of protesting against the government taking the Cherokee strip.

The news of the occupation of the strip by boomers has angered him, and he very forcibly expressed his opinion that some of them should be shot down. It would teach the others to respect people's rights, he said. He expressed his pleasure at the president's proclamation, and his hope that the boomers would be all cleaned out.

Industrial Boom in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 18.—Talking about the industrial boom in Kentucky, a Louisville business man says: "A year ago Cumberland Gap was a cornfield. To-day it is a town with about 5,000 population, caused by the completion of railroads to the coal and timber fields. Winchester six years ago had 2,000, now it has about 8,000, and the new railroads about to open will give it several thousand in the next year. It is a rich agricultural country, and the town is the gateway to the mountains, supplying all the lumber and mining towns up the Kentucky river valley. In three years it has been lighted by electricity and has become a strong manufacturing point. An electric street car line is under contract, and also a fine hotel, to cost \$100,000. It has three banks with a banking capital of nearly \$1,000,000. hemp factories and large tobacco interests."

Grand Army in Canada.

MONTRÉAL, March 18.—At a meeting held at the town hall of St. Henry, the most populous suburb of Montreal, over fifty veterans of the war of the rebellion met and resolved to form a Canadian post of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Arthur Schelle, a veteran who served under Grant in all his battles, was the promoter of the post, and after many stirring speeches were made it was resolved to form the post. The meeting adjourned until Thursday evening, when another meeting for the purpose of organization will be held. It is understood this is the first Grand Army post ever organized outside of the Union.

BRITISH MINERS

To the Number of a Quarter of a Million Now on a Strike.

England's Industries on the Verge of Paralysis

By a Great Labor Disturbance—Liverpool Dockers Becoming Boisterous. Forty-Three Victims of the Glamorganshire Mine Disaster Recovered—Other Foreign News.

LONDON, March 18.—Just as Kaiser Wilhelm's unique labor conference opens at Berlin to attempt a settlement of questions affecting the work and wages of miners, one of the greatest mining strikes on record opens in England. The coincidence indicates at least that the English mine laborers have no faith in the outcome of the international confab, and do not care enough about it to even wait for the conclusion of the deliberations. And in this attitude, it must be said, the humble miner is for once in line with the most experienced business man and most eminent thinker. For no one has yet been found anywhere outside of the German emperor's entourage who believes that any practical result will be reached by the conference.

While the delegates of the great powers are talking about the needs of the miners and the rights of the mine owners, a quarter of a million miners in England will be making a physical instead of a mental attempt to arrive at a solution of the question. At present the odds in favor of a tangible result being attained are largely on the side of the doers, as against the talkers. The strikers say they have funds to support them in idleness four weeks if necessary. There is no doubt that they can stay out at least two weeks, and this will probably suffice to bring about a concession of their demands. The large manufacturers cannot afford to shut down for lack of coal. If the English mines cannot furnish the regular supply the Belgian and German mines can, and when the British mine owner finds his customers supplying themselves from abroad he will be compelled to make terms with his men or sustain irretrievable loss.

This is what the miners rely on, and experience justifies their belief, for it has always been the case that with a rising market for coal the English miner could force the mine owner to admit him to an increased share of the profits of the business. The strike will, it is thought, be of short duration. Even a short stoppage of operations will cause a serious derangement of industries. If the strike lasts even one week scores of factories will have to be shut down, throwing many thousands of persons out of work. Prices of coal are advancing rapidly.

The strike of the miners has created a scarcity of coal. Several Lancashire mills have been compelled to shut down because of lack of coal. Others are running on short time. The attitude of the striking miners varies according to the manner in which their demands are met by the masters.

Liverpool Dockers.

The dockers on strike at Liverpool are becoming boisterous. Though saloons within the municipal limits were closed Sunday, those in the suburbs were open Sunday, and were the headquarters for many a noisy assemblage. The strikers remain firm, and it was unanimously decided Sunday to continue the fight.

Forty-Three Bodies Recovered.

LONDON, March 18.—The Morsa mine, in Glamorganshire, Wales, where a disastrous explosion recently occurred, is again on fire. The mine will be flooded. The bodies of forty-three victims of the late disaster have been taken out, but it is impossible to get the others.

Emperor William to the Pope.

BERLIN, March 18.—The Emperor William, in a letter to the pope, informs him that he has appointed Bishop Kopp, of Bre-lau, one of the delegates to represent Germany at the labor conference, and asserts that he depends upon the support of the Catholic clergy in settling the social question. In replying to the letter, the pope thanked the emperor for appointing Bishop Kopp, and declared that himself and the church had always been interested in the question, which he said would be best solved by the application of the principles advocated by Christian people, which were Sunday rest and religious education.

Lady Colin Campbell Stage-Struck.

LONDON, March 18.—Lady Colin Campbell is stage-struck. She has written a drama in which she will take a leading part. She is negotiating for a London theater. Lady Colin Campbell, after her divorce, became quite a literary celebrity in London. She wrote a novel entitled "Darell Blake," and earned considerable money from journalistic work. Some people have described her as the most beautiful woman in Europe. She has heavy dark eyes, beautiful black hair, and a face molded in soft oval lines. She is nearly six feet tall, and the lines of her form are said to be perfect.

Irish Local Government.

MONTRÉAL, March 18.—At a meeting held at the town hall of St. Henry, the most populous suburb of Montreal, over fifty veterans of the war of the rebellion met and resolved to form a Canadian post of the Grand Army of the Republic. Arthur Schelle, a veteran who served under Grant in all his battles, was the promoter of the post, and after many stirring speeches were made it was resolved to form the post. The meeting adjourned until Thursday evening, when another meeting for the purpose of organization will be held. It is understood this is the first Grand Army post ever organized outside of the Union.

Foreign Notes.

Twenty thousand Tyneside engineers have gone on a strike.

Ten thousand miners in the northern districts of Wales have joined the strike.

It is announced that all Russian import duties will be raised three months hence.

A goods train fell into the river at Elberfeld Sunday, and several of the train hands were killed.

It is reported that Emperor William will create an imperial labor department, headed by Dr. Hinze.

The British delegates to the international labor conference were given a dinner by Prince Bismarck Sunday.

The Duke of Orleans writes that he is opposed to the presentation to President Garfield of a petition for his release.

Baron Von Berlepsch, Prussian minister of the interior, Sunday received the labor conference delegates at the Hotel de Rome.

The edict of the Emperor William, commanding that ill-treatment of common soldiers, by officers, be punished, has borne good fruit in several recent instances. The most notable case is that of Lieut. Hochmuth, who has been imprisoned in Breslau on a four months' sentence, for cruelty to a private.

The emperor and empress and ex-Empress Frederick attended the consecration of the Protestant church of the Berlin garrison Sunday.

The eldest child of the Prince of Montenegro, Princess Sorka, is dead. She was married Aug. 11, 1883, to Prince Peter Karageorgievitch.

The Cologne Gazette threatens war to the knife against Prince Bismarck if the chancellor forms an alliance with Dr. Windhorst, the leader of the Clerical party.

The Berlin correspondent of The London Daily Telegraph says that Bishop Kopp, of Breslau was nominated as a delegate to the labor conference out of courtesy to the Pope.

The village of Gumpel, Switzerland, has been almost totally destroyed by fire. Fully three-fourths of the buildings of the place were burned. The loss is very heavy. Many of the villagers were injured.

The new Hungarian cabinet is officially announced. Count Szapary becomes prime minister and minister of the interior, and Herr Bethlen becomes minister of husbandry. The other cabinet officers will be retained by the present incumbents.

The Berlin labor conference was duly organized Saturday. Baron Von Berlepsch was chosen president. The sittings will be held daily, and proceedings are to be kept secret until protocolled by the governments represented in the conference. The body will likely reach a final adjournment later than March 30.

The new French Cabinet is composed as follows: President of the council and minister of war, M. De Freycinet; minister of foreign affairs, M. Ribot; interior, M. Constant; finance, M. Rouvier; justice, M. Falier; commerce, M. Roche; public instruction, M. Bourgeois; agriculture, M. Deveille; public works, M. Guyot; marine, M. Barbey; colonies, M. Eryenne.

THE TONTO APACHES.

The Rumor is Current That They Are Ripe for a Revolt.

NEW YORK, March 18.—A special to The World from Tucson, Ariz., says:

A special dispatch to The Star Globe says that for some weeks the Tonto Apaches at Charley Pan's camp on the Gila river, two miles from the agency, have been acting sullenly. On Feb. 18 Issue Clerk Burrows and Industrial Teacher Jerry visited the camp for the purpose of issuing ration tickets to the Indians. The officers noticed that the number of Indians present did not tally with the number given as entitled to rations, and they demanded that the missing ones be produced. This did not suit the Tontos and some of the bucks got their guns and requested the interpreter to tell Burrows and Jerry that they had better return to the agency, which they did. On Saturday about eighty of the Tontos were corralled at the San Carlos agency and they will be taken to Fort Union for safe keeping. It is now thought that the Tontos were ripe for a revolt.

Lottery Snubbed Again.

NEW ORLEANS, March 18.—The president of the Louisiana Lottery company Saturday sent to Governor Nichols a check for \$100,000, to be used at his discretion to protect the people against the threatened inundation. The governor promptly returned the check with a brief note, saying: "On the eve of the session of the legislature, during which the renewal or extension of your charter will be acted upon—a question vitally affecting the interests of this state—I have no right to place the people under obligations to your company, in however small a degree, by my acceptance of a gratuity from it."

Lottery Charter Repealed.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 18.—The Kentucky legislature has passed the measure placing a severe penalty upon any persons refusing to answer questions of a legislative investigation committee. This bill was made necessary by the discovery on the part of witnesses in the lottery investigation who refused to answer, of the fact that they could not be committed for contempt. The lottery can now be coerced into revealing what it has been doing. At the same time the senate passed acts repealing the charters of the Covington, Newport, Frankfort and all other lotteries in the state.

Nine Crooked Postal Clerks Arrested.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 18.—Capt. Wilds, United States government detective, stated at Cleveland, Tenn., Saturday, that during the past twenty-two days he has arrested nine postal clerks for rifling the mails; that twenty-two days ago when he left Washington he had twenty \$1 bills, all marked, and every one of these had been stolen while going through the mails. He also stated that a colored postal clerk on the Georgia railroad had seven of these marked bills on his person when arrested a few days ago.

Depot and Contents Burned.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., March 18.—The depot of the Chicago and Alton at Rood

THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1890.

Reports from Indiana are that all is not serene in the Republican camp out that way. In short, there is great dissatisfaction with Harrison in his home State, and an open bolt is probable.

THE Republican majority of the House Committee on Pensions has practically agreed to report bills which, if passed, would take nearly seven-hundred million dollars out of the treasury. There will be no surplus to talk about by and by. And there will be no reduction of the burdens of taxation.

It costs the State about \$400,000 a year to maintain the three lunatic asylums, the Feeble-minded Institute and the Deaf and Dumb Institute. And another asylum is said to be much needed. The State should not be niggardly in making provision for the poor unfortunates who are compelled to spend their days in these institutions.

KANSAS farmers are appealing to their Representatives in Congress for relief. In their petition published elsewhere they point to the fact that a single law firm in Southern Kansas has a contract to foreclose 1,800 mortgages. No wonder that the Republicans in Congress are opposed to the census enumerators ascertaining mortgage statistics.

WHEN Harrison was inaugurated the Democrats asserted that the Republicans would make short work of that surplus. The prediction is coming true. It has dwindled to \$20,000,000 already, and the Republican leaders are becoming alarmed at the raids their party is making on the treasury. And well they may. There will be a day of reckoning ere long.

SPEAKING of the Congressional race two years ago the Fleming Gazette says "all our surplus (Republican) was going North to pay legitimate campaign expenses in the doubtful States." So the Republicans of this district sacrificed their nominee in 1888 to help swell Dudley and Quay's corruption fund did they? Perhaps Major Burchett's friends will remember this next fall.

EVEN the grand old Bay State hasn't escaped the gerrymandering tactics of the Republican party. The Boston Globe says:

"In the last Congressional elections in Massachusetts 178,811 Republicans elected 10 Congressmen, while 150,917 Democrats elected only 2. That is to say, it requires in this State 75,458 votes, on the average, to elect a Democrat to Congress, but only 17,881 elect a Republican."

The Globe gives figures also showing that the Legislative districts of the State are just as outrageously gerrymandered. The Republicans have been at this nefarious business for years wherever they were in power. That's a plain statement of a fact that is patent to all. With a fair, honest arrangement of the districts throughout the land, Congress would even now be overwhelmingly Democratic.

Hastening On to Destruction.

"One of these days a defeated Republican party will be asking itself whether it paid to steal Montana," remarks the Chicago Herald; "whether it was good policy to overthrow the parliamentary practice of English speaking people for a hundred years for the purpose of getting a little tighter grip upon things in the Fifty-first Congress; whether it availed anything to set up Tom Reed as a dictator among the people who are patient under impudent aggravation, but who very well know the time and place to rebuke upstarts and violent demagogues; whether there was anything lasting in the advantage gained by unseating a score of honestly-elected Democratic Congressmen; whether there is real profit in the encouragement of fellows like Foraker, who must sooner or later expose themselves as this wretch has done, and whether the crimes of a Dudley and a Quay can be hidden by the ostentatious piety of a man like Wanamaker.

"One of these days all these things will come home to the Republicans of this country. They are electioneering for destruction."

Statistics of Brown County, Ohio. The State Auditor's report for 1889 gives the following statistics as to Brown County: Number of acres of land 306,595, valued at \$6,546,014; value of real estate in towns and villages, \$1,049,359; value of chattel property, \$2,862,070. Total value, \$10,457,443. The following fees were paid the county officers: Probate Judge, \$3,100, \$226 of which is taxed and unpaid; Auditor, \$3,516 18, paid for clerk hire, \$800; Treasurer, \$2,398.46, clerk hire, \$300; Clerk, \$3,044.83, clerk hire, \$1,000; Sheriff, \$4,050.69, paid deputies, \$493.33; Recorder, \$1,152.60, clerk hire, \$200; Prosecuting Attorney, \$1,637.50; Commissioners R. C. Drake, \$772.45; Fred Bauer, \$784.75; H. F. Lindell, \$225.30. Brown County's debt is given at \$46,500. The total indebtedness of towns and county is given at \$101,468.

Pithy Points From Washington. Rum is the devil's enrolling officer. Whisky is the devil's advance guard. The liquor traffic keeps the army of idlers and tramps always filled.

The whisky traffic keeps the army of villains and vagabonds well in hand. Rum saloons are the maelstroms in which hundreds of men are engulfed.

The rum traffic keeps the army of criminals and murderers full to overflowing.

The rum traffic is the greatest evil across the path of all moral advancement.

A drunken son is a calamity by the side of which death would be a blessing.

The liquor traffic, like the very ghoul that it is, feeds on the lives and souls of men.

The whisky traffic takes all a man has of property and character, and throws him upon the community for support.

From the moment the monster rum throws its horrid shadow athwart a man's doorway peace and prosperity take their departure.

If a man would save his son from a drunkard's doom, he must have in constant surveillance those around him who deal in strong drink.

There is nothing a man should watch so assiduously, if he would save his son therefrom, as the rum traffic. Some men begin when it is too late.

A man never rightly judges the traffic in strong drink until his own son falls headlong into the doorway of his own home; then it is as hell in his eyes.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

ORANGEBURG.

Our town has got settled at last. All the movers have got their homes for another year.

Wm. Stubblefield and wife passed through here last Friday on their way home.

The last cold spell was the severest we have had this winter.

Mrs. Mary Willett has moved to town. Mr. Oldham is Storekeeper at Champ Farm's still house.

The Willett Bros., our young merchants, are taking the bacon trade here. Farmers used to take their meat to Maysville to trade, but now they sell here.

TOLLESBORO.

Mrs. Dr. R. N. Taylor, who has been visiting friends in this place, has returned home.

Miss Lizzie Morrison, of near Escalpia Springs, has purchased a house and lot from Mr. James Fitch, and will reside here.

John Gray had his show-case glass broken by two loafers wrestling in his store.

Geo. Means, of Illinois, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Rebecca Means.

J. D. Rummans, our esteemed townsmen, a few days ago, to enter upon his official duty as Storekeeper. He has been here the people, irrespective of politics, accompanying him. He is all wool and a yard wide and a heavy weight in every sense of the term.

MT. CARMEL.

Isaac E. Foxworthy is again seen at the counter.

Dr. Eckman was here last week looking around.

J. H. Foxworthy was the polite salesman at J. G. Eke's last week. Quarterly meeting at M. E. Church, South, last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Bettie Barnes has moved in with her brother Charles E. Foxworthy.

The funeral of Dr. C. E. Proctor was well attended. He leaves many friends.

Charles K. Brown has returned home after spending a short time with relatives and friends here. Charles is a good fellow. Success to him.

Dr. A. M. Wallingford, who graduated recently at Louisville, is practicing with his father. Dr. W. is a fine young man, and with experience will be as good an M. D. as his father, who can not be excelled.

MAYSICK.

Collections are slow.

Miss Lucy Clary is visiting her brothers in Cynthiana.

There is a great indifference among the people about paying the merchant.

The credit system will ruin business in Kentucky. Too much of the good thing.

Thomas Best of Helena, was riding through this section last Friday looking at some crops of tobacco.

Tom James Osborn, of Mt. Olivet, was here last Friday at Charles W. Williams' Court, attending to some suits pending therein.

If some tobacco buyer would come around here had a little back-bone he could buy some fine crops of the weed at reasonable prices.

Robert Huffman and brother will move in a few days to the Duncan place to open a blacksmith and wagon shop. Mr. Duncan goes to Sardis.

Elder Z. T. Cody, late pastor of the Baptist Church in this place, left for Georgetown on the 12th instant. He leaves behind him some warm friends and takes with him the kind of life he was a slight change for the better.

WANTED.

WANTED—Live representatives for the Western and Southern Life Insurance Company. Weekly premium plan. Good pay to right parties. Address, b/w 8 and 9 a. m. or 5 to 6 p. m., F. W. WATSON & CO., care G. J. Lawrence, Room 8, Postoffice Building.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Good Mason County Farm of 175 acres, for one year. Possession given March 10th. Two houses on farm. Apply to PERRINE & CAMPBELL, Court St., Maysville, Ky.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A brick house on Second street, West End. Apply to PERRINE & CAMPBELL, Court street. 14-6.

INCOMPREHENSIBLE.

Why you will exchange your old sewing machine and pay a difference of \$40 or \$50 when you can have it repaired and made as good as new? All kinds repaired and warranted. Twenty-five years experience. Orders left at Owings, Mitchell & Co.'s hardware store will receive prompt attention.

H. M. WILLIAMS, Advertiser.

TURNPike ELECTION.

The stockholders of the Maysville and Lexington and the Mason and Bracken Turnpike Road Companies are hereby notified that a meeting will be held the first Monday in April at Cooper & Baldwin's office, Maysville, Ky., at 10 a. m. for the purpose of electing officers. W. W. BALDWIN, Sup.

Notice of Incorporation.

The undersigned persons do hereby form themselves, their associates and successors, into a body corporate, and adopt the following articles of incorporation:

Article 1. The name of the corporation shall be "The Commercial Club," and its location and place of business shall be Maysville, Kentucky.

Article 2. The Club shall provide a suitable place for the meeting and social intercourse of its members, and the purpose shall be to promote the commercial interests and the general welfare of the City of Maysville and the State of Kentucky.

Article 3. The amount of capital stock shall be ten thousand dollars, (\$10,000), divided into two thousand shares of five dollars each. A member of the Club and no other shall be entitled to own more than one share, or to own more than five shares within two weeks after election. Said stock shall not be transferable by act of the party or by operation of law, and shall revert absolutely to the Club when such person ceases to be a member, whether by death, resignation, expulsion or otherwise. No person shall hold more than one share of stock, nor be entitled to record more than one vote.

Article 4. The members of the Club shall be such persons as may be elected to membership by the Board of Directors of the Club. Any candidate receiving three votes shall be rejected. Only such persons shall be elected as are considered favorable to a pure and public-spirited administration of public affairs.

Article 5. The Club may adopt by-laws for the government of the Club, and may provide for changes therein. An initiation fee may be imposed by the Board of Directors, but shall not be more than twenty-five dollars. The dues shall not be less than three dollars a year and not more than twenty-five dollars. Subject to these limitations, the Board of Directors shall fix the amount of the initiation fee, dues and fines. Life membership may be conferred on such persons and on such terms and on the payment of such fees as the Board of Directors may deem best, but no life membership shall be conferred on any person upon the payment of any sum less than one hundred dollars.

Article 6. This corporation shall begin March 14, 1890, and shall terminate twenty-five years thereafter.

Article 7. The affairs of the corporation shall be conducted by the following officers and directors: President, a First Vice President, a Second Vice President, a Secretary, a Corresponding Secretary, a Treasurer, and twelve Directors. All of the above officers shall be ex-officio members of the Board of Directors. Until the second Friday in March, 1891, an annual meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held on the second Friday in March in each year. There shall be a President and two Vice Presidents and twelve Directors shall be elected by a majority of the members present. The President and two Vice Presidents shall be elected for one year. Six of the Directors shall be elected for two years and six for one year. The six Directors receiving the highest number of votes in the election for Directors shall be elected for two years, and thereafter on the second Friday of March in each year there shall be elected a President and two Vice Presidents for one year and six Directors whose term of office shall be two years and until their successors are duly elected and qualified. Within two weeks after the election of the President and two Vice Presidents and the Directors are elected, they shall elect, for one year, a Treasurer, a Secretary and a Corresponding Secretary, all of whom shall be members of the Board of Directors. All elections shall be by ballot.

Article 8. The Board of Directors shall be the government body of the Club, shall control all its affairs, shall provide for such regular or special meetings of the Club as they may deem proper, shall fill vacancies of officers or Directors for any unexpired term, and shall make and enforce all rules necessary for the government of the Club and not in conflict with the articles of incorporation or the by-laws, including the fixing and enforcing of fines, penalties, forfeitures and expulsions; but it shall provide for an appeal to the Club on the part of any member who may feel aggrieved in the decision of such question as shall be subject to a reversal or modification by a majority vote of the members of the Club. Said appeal must be taken within two weeks of the action of the Board, and the appeal must be addressed to the President or Secretary. On the written request of five members of the Club, the President shall call a meeting of the Club and then shall give notice of the object thereof; and at such meeting any rule or order made by the Board of Directors may be vacated or modified by a majority of the members present. At a meeting called for the purpose, any officer who may be guilty of unbecoming conduct or neglect of duty may be removed from office by a majority of the members present. The Board of Directors shall not, by resolution or otherwise, commit the Club on any public question not directly affecting the Club's welfare; but the Board may refer to a general meeting of the Club any public matters that may be deemed proper for discussion or action. The individual members of the Club shall not be bound by any action of the Club in public affairs. The Board of Directors shall not commit the Club to the advocacy of any candidate for a public office.

Article 9. Betting and gambling of every kind are strictly prohibited in or around the Club, and no game of cards or billiards or of any other kind shall be played therein for money or its equivalent.

Article 10. Private property of the members of the Club shall not be liable for its debts, and the indebtedness or liability of the Club shall never exceed five thousand dollars at any time.

Article 11. This corporation shall sue and be sued by its corporate name and shall have power to make contracts, acquire and transfer property, possessing the same power in such respects as private individuals now enjoy.

Signed this March 14, 1890.

W. LARUE THOMAS,
J. JAS. WOOD,
JOHN C. ADAMSON,
M. C. RUSSELL,
JAS. H. HALL,
E. A. ROBINSON,
CHAS. C. DOBYNS.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, }
MASON COUNTY, }
I, W. W. Ball, Clerk of the County Court for
the County and State aforesaid, do certify
that the foregoing articles of incorporation of
The Commercial Club, Maysville, Ky., was
this day produced to me and acknowledged by
W. LaRue Thomas, J. Jas. Wood, John C. Ad-
amson, M. C. Russell, Jas. H. Hall, E. A. Rob-
inson and Chas. C. Dobyns, as incorporators,
to be their act and deed, and lodged for record.
Whereupon the same, together with this certi-
ficate, hath duly recorded in my office.

Given under my hand this 14th day of
March, 1890. W. W. BALL, Clerk.

A Liberal Offer.

OFFICE OF THE ELIXIR OF DATES Co.
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

[Northern Branch, Cleveland, O.]

We hereby agree to forfeit One Hundred
Dollars (\$100) for any case of habitual consti-
pation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache
or piles that Elixir of Dates will not cure.

ELIXIR OF DATES CO.

[For sale by J. J. Wood, Wholesale and Re-
tail Druggist.]

S. C. S. S.
THESE INITIALS STAND FOR

Spot Cash Shoe Store!

"I have just walked forty-five miles in these Shoes this wet weather, and my feet are perfectly dry," said a customer who stepped into our store the other day with a pair of our ninety-nine-cent Shoes on.

We are just now displaying the largest and most varied stock of BOOTS and SHOES especially adapted for wet weather ever placed in this market, at merely nominal figures.

We have also on show positively the most complete assortment in RUBBER FOOTWEAR over offered the public, at similarly light prices.

Come and try some of our wet-weather Footwear, and keep your feet dry at almost gift rates.

H. C. BARKLEY. THE SPOT CASH SHOE STORE!

THE BEE HIVE! ANNOUNCEMENT.

Our New Carpets and Rugs

Are here and are beauties. Prices right; line complete.

Also a beautiful new line of

LACE CURTAINS, SCRIMS, PORTIERS AND DRAPERS.

SPECIAL DRIVES FOR THIS WEEK: Indigo Blue Calicoes (American & Arnold's) at 5c. a yard; two hundred pieces heavy, yard-wide Cotton, 5c.,

THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1890.

MAPLE SYRUP at Calhoun's.

SMOKE the "Mountain Boy."

PAPER hanging and decoration done by
Greenwood. 117dms.

FLORIDA oranges and bananas very
cheap, at Bona's.

NEW soft-shell almonds and English
walnuts, at Bona's.

FRUIT and vegetables, three cans for 25
cents, at Calhoun's.

JOIN the Commercial Club and help
push Maysville to the front.

DULY & BALDWIN's insurance agency,
Court street—fire, tornado and marine.

THE sum of \$3,000 was raised for charitable
purposes at a public meeting at Lexington
the other evening.

Mr. D. Hechinger is at home from his
trip East in the interest of the Oddfellows' Hall Clothing House.

ATTENTION is called to the advertisement
of Geo. Schroeder, dealer in saddles, harness, trace-chains, &c.

EVERY wide-awake, enterprising citizen
should join the Commercial Club. If you
are not a member, hand in your name.

JAMES HENDERSON, Sr., has petitioned
Congress, through Hon. T. H. Panyer,
for pay for "nursing, boarding, washing
and mending for a soldier."

CAPTAIN M. C. HUTCHINS, agent, sold
this morning a house and lot on Sutton
street for Mr. and Mrs. Will C. Shackleford
to Mr. John C. Smith for \$4,000.

CHARLES H. DEAL has sold to William
Payne and James Payne a house and lot
on the south side of Fifth street for \$750.
The sale was made by Captain Hutchins.

MR. WM. WINN has returned from a
business trip to Southern Illinois. When
he left Cairo a big portion of that city
was flooded to a depth of three and four
feet.

We thank Messrs. Duley & Baldwin
for prompt and liberal settlement of our
recent loss. E. M. NEWMAN & SONS,
F. M. YOUNG,
Mt. Olivet, March 11, '90.

A FEW years ago a lot on West Second
street was sold for \$500. Last week half
of this lot was again sold and brought
\$1,000. What's the matter with Maysville
real estate? It's all right.

THE stockholders of the Maysville &
Lexington and the Mason and Bracken
turnpike road companies are notified
elsewhere of the date of the annual meeting
for the election of officers.

MR. CHARLES CLARKE, who recently
married Miss Florence Fox, of Mayslick,
has bought a farm of three hundred
acres at Cane Ridge, Bourbon County,
and will move there this week. The
price paid was \$85 an acre.

THE marriage of Miss Eva McGinn and
J. R. Pates, of Midway, took place a few
days ago at Louisville, Elder E. L. Powell
officiating. The bride is a daughter of
Elder J. B. McGinn, formerly pastor of
the Christian Church, this city.

MR. ADDISON DIMMITT, son of Mrs.
Laura Dimmitt of East Third street, is
a member of the George A. Newman
Company recently incorporated at Louisville
to carry on a retail drug business.
The capital stock is \$25,000. Mr. Dimmitt
was elected Secretary of the company.

WILL S. HAYS, the river editor of the
Courier-Journal, says: "A pretty (old)
widow, hearing that the flood in Arkansas
had carried off the house of her son-in-law,
wired him at Helena Saturday morning: 'Dear John—How are you all
getting along in the flood?' She received a
reply, read it, fainted and fell over. It
read: 'Dear Ma—Swimmingly.'"

On next Thursday, March 20, the Internal
Revenue office of the Seventh
district of Kentucky, at Lexington, will
be transferred to Hon. T. C. McDowell,
under confirmation and permanent bond.
The office of Deputy Collector J. G.
Wadsworth will be closed on the 20th
and 21st, and no stamps will be issued
after the 19th until the 22nd.

J. M. PEMBERTON, of Portland, Oregon,
in renewing his subscription for the
WEEKLY BULLETIN says: "The paper
now reaches here, under new fast mail
schedule, over Union Pacific, Monday at
6:40 a.m., following day of publication—
about as soon as it is received in some of
the interior towns of Kentucky."

"I have been laid up all winter entertain-
ing a severe attack of rheumatism,
but am now rapidly recovering. This
has been the hardest winter experienced
on the Pacific Coast for twenty years."

Cannon's Laundry and Bath Rooms.

Mr. John J. Cannon's laundry on Sutton
street, one door south of Chenoweth's
drug store, is fitted up with the latest and
best machinery, and he is prepared to
turn out just as good work as can be
done at Cincinnati, Dayton or anywhere
else. He was born in Cincinnati since he
was fourteen years of age, and is thor-
oughly experienced in the management
of all the details of the work.

On the first floor are the office and bath
rooms. Back of these is a large boiler to
furnish steam for the operation of the
machinery and for furnishing the hot
water. The bath rooms are provided
with porcelain-lined tubs. Everything
about these rooms will be kept in No. 1
order.

On the second floor are the ironers and
the stock room. The washers, wringers
and starchers are found on the third floor.
Also the drying room, the floor of which
is covered with a coil of steam pipes.
The washing and wringing is done by
centrifugal force. The wringer is known
as the "centrifugal extractor," and has a
capacity of 2,200 revolutions a minute.
It is perforated and the water instead of
being wrung out of the clothes is simply
extracted. Goods can be washed in forty
minutes, and it takes but fifteen minutes
to dry them after they come from the ex-
tractor.

Mr. Cannon has built several tanks—
one holding fifteen barrels and another
fifty barrels—and all the water used will
be filtered, and as clean as it can be made.
It is his determination to make the establish-
ment first-class in every respect. It
will afford employment for several hands.
The laundry is now in operation, and the
work of fitting up the bath rooms will be
finished to-morrow.

In the laundry business, Mr. Cannon
guarantees as fine work as can be done
anywhere. He makes a specialty of col-
lars, cuffs and lace curtains.

For the Farmer.

John McGraw, of the Helena neigh-
borhood, has sold his crop of forty acres
of tobacco, amounting to about 60,000
pounds, at 10 cents a pound. The pur-
chasers are John Chambers, Alex Cal-
vert and Morris Malone.

The statistical report of the Department
of Agriculture for March makes
the proportion of the corn crop in the
hands of growers 45.9 per cent, or 970,
000 bushels; and of the wheat crop
31.9 per cent, or 156,000,000 bushels.
The stock of corn on hand is the largest
ever reported in March, of the largest
crop, after the mildest winter. The
average of eight annual returns is 677,
000,000 bushels, and that of last year
787,000,000 bushels. The estimated con-
sumption to March 1, is 1,143,000,000
bushels, a figure exceeded only last year
and in 1886. The wheat crop of 1889
was exceeded by the crops of 1880, 1882
and 1884. The average remainder in the
hands of growers on the first of March
for ten years past has been 130,000,000
bushels. The average crop during this
period was 450,000,000 bushels.

Real Estate Transfers.

John T. Suit to W. R. Mullikin, 20
acres in Sardis precinct; consideration,
\$453.

Eliza Wallace to Samuel Hall, a small
lot of ground near Helena; consideration,
\$475.

Wm. R. Mullikin and wife to John S.
Case, 66 1/2 acres on Two Lick Creek; con-
sideration, \$1,110.

Mary Ellen Wood to Ann F. Henry,
14 acres in the town of Washington;
consideration, \$2,000.

B. Showalter to John W. Osborne, 18
acres and 4 poles of land near South
Ripley; consideration, \$1,000.

Ann E. Howard to Cyrus Howard,
Lizzie M. Howard and Louisa M. Howard,
quit claim to four tracts of land—
about 68 acres—near South Ripley.

Dudley A. Richardson and wife to
George L. Grant and John L. Grant, Jr.,
77 acres and 2 rods of land on Stone
Lick Creek; consideration, \$1,800.

Dr. John P. Phister and wife to James
and Mary D. Clifford, a lot fronting 35
feet 9 inches on south side of the Grant
street extension; consideration, \$300.

Geo. A. McCarthey and wife to Wm.
Davis, a lot 100 feet wide, extending from
Second street to Third in the West End;
consideration, \$500. (Sale made in 1874.)

Jennie G. Thompson and Joseph F.
Thompson to Charles Breeze, lot No. 2
on the George Graham plat at the junction
of the Hill City and Mt. Sterling
pikes; consideration, \$140.

River News.

The Telegraph is the midnight packet
for Cincinnati.

Last week's coal shipments from Pitts-
burg amounted to 2,585,000 bushels.

The St. Lawrence is to-night's packet
for Pomeroy and the Rainbow for Pitts-
burg. Both are due up at midnight. The
Sherley is due up at 9 p.m. for Ports-
mouth.

Miss Mollie McKrell of Ripley, after
an enjoyable visit to Miss Em Brown-
ing of Shannon, is spending a few days with
the Misses Burgess of West Third street.

Almost a Riot.

The entertainment given by the Rose
Hill English Folly Company at Paris came
near resulting in a riot and bloodshed.
Before the curtain was rung up the crowd
became boisterous, and Marshal Mer-
naugh attempted to restore order. He
had some words with a fellow named
John T. Jones. After wrangling for some
time the latter finally arose from his seat
and pulled his pistol. The Kentuckian
says: "Mernaugh then drew his, and in
an instant half a dozen weapons
were being flourished in the air, but Mer-
naugh knowing his duty, stopped the
disorderly man and ejected him from the
house and placed him in jail.

"During the scuffle the wildest excitement
prevailed, some yelling fire, and others
fight, while the majority of the
crowd ran from the house, and others lay
on the floor. The fire bell rang, and the
whole town was aroused. There were no
ladies in the house, as it was supposed
the show was for men only. County At-
torney Smith lay flat upon the floor with
two men sitting upon him, and when
asked if they were too heavy, he replied:
'Oh, no, sit still.' John Webb passed up
the aisle and out the door like a streak of
lightning. Cottie Nagle ran behind
the scenery and caused the girls to scream
at the top of their voices, when he announced
that the crowd was coming on
the stage to shoot the scenery to pieces. Dr.
Keoh, the partner of Dr. Parks, who recently
came from Canada, was in front next to
the stage, and on seeing the bright, shining
weapons, and knowing the reputation
of Kentuckians, starting for the back
door, would jump over three seats and then
fall on the floor, make another
perilous leap and fall again, and this was
kept up until he reached the head of the
steps, when he covered the distance from
there to the sidewalk in two steps, and
then asked: 'Which road to Canada?'"

Twenty-Two Years Ago To-day.

Twenty-two years ago to-day, the boil-
ers of the Maysville and Cincinnati packet
Magnolia exploded near California, caus-
ing great loss of life.

Among the passengers who were re-
portedly fatally injured was Mr. Charles
D. Lewis, who was en route to his city to
accept the position of managing editor
of the BULLETIN. Lewis was taken to
the hospital at Cincinnati where he finally
recovered. At present he is the noted
writer "M. Quad," of the Detroit Free
Press.

The Magnolia explosion and the
Moselle explosion were among the most
disastrous that ever occurred on western
waters.

Information Wanted of Thomas Lane.

Phil Woodard writes from Hammonds-
port, Steuben County, N. Y., to Postmas-
ter Davis for information of one Thomas
Lane.

Woodard says he married Lane's
daughter, Laura, some eight years ago at
Chicago and that she is anxious to learn
whether her father is still living in this
county. Information should be forwarded
to the Woodards, at Hammondsport,
N. Y.

County Court Doings.

G. W. Bennett qualified as guardian of
Lutie A. Teager and John L. Teager, with
M. G. Moore surety.

A. P. Gooding qualified as guardian of
G. W. Gooding, Lizzie T. Gooding and
Adda P. Gooding, with E. P. Berry surety.

John L. Whitaker was appointed ad-
ministrator of Daniel Hiltibrand, and
executed bond with E. Whitaker surety.

Entitled to the Best.

All are entitled to the best that their
money will buy, so every family should
have, at once, a bottle of the best family
remedy, Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the
system when costive or bilious. For sale
in 50c. and \$1 bottles by leading druggists.

RAN AROUND.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Secretary
Tracy, accompanied by Mrs. Wilmer-
ding and Lieut. and Mrs. Mason, left
Washington Saturday morning on the
Despatch, en route for Norfolk, and a
trip of some days duration.

A high wind forced the water of the
river into the bay, decreasing the depth to
such an extent that the vessel ran
aground on Cedar Point shoal, about
sixty miles from the city.

A passing vessel worked for several
hours attempting to release the Des-
patch, but was unsuccessful. They
were compelled to wait until the wind
changed before the voyage could be
continued.

A NEGRO LYNCHED.

He Assaulted a White Woman and De-
served His Fate.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 18.—At
Gadsden, this state, at 8:30 p.m. Sunday,
Henry Williams, colored, was taken
from jail by a mob and shot to death for
an attempted assault on Miss Tinder, an
aged white lady, living near that place,
on Feb. 28 last.

Williams entered her house at night,
and after beating her nearly to death,
was frightened away for some cause.
Since that time he has been at large, but
was captured at Springfield, Tenn., Sat-
urday, and the officers reached Gadsden
with him Sunday morning.

If a hen will leave her nest when any
one approaches she should not be used
for setting purposes. She will generally
prove an unsteady sitter and breaker of
eggs.

The Postoffice Drug Store!

You can always find a choice line of DRUGS at the Postoffice
Drug Store. Also a fine line of Fancy Toilet Articles, and the best
Perfumery to be found in Maysville.

Prescriptions a specialty, and carefully compounded at all hours.

POWER & REYNOLDS,
Cox Building (Adjoining Postoffice).

DON'T FORGET
We are selling three styles
Ladies' Fine Shoes at \$2,
REDUCED FROM \$2.75 AND \$3.00.

Seasonable Goods!
Splendid Qualities!
Rare Bargains!
MINER'S SHOE STORE

YOU WILL FIND THE LATEST
STYLES IN

Hats, Hosiery, Neckwear and Shirts

AT

NELSON'S.

One price to all—everything marked in plain figures.

The Last Chance to Buy Stoves Cheap.

Although the advance in iron has increased the price of Stoves, we will
offer our entire large stock of

HEATERS AT COST.

They must go to make room for other goods. We are also showing the latest and best
improved Cook Stoves and Wrought Steel Ranges ever offered in Maysville.

BIERBOWER & CO.
MARKET STREET.

PURE DRUGS, WINES AND LIQUORS.

THOS. J. CHENOWETH'S

DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION STORE.

McClanahan & Shea

Dealers in

STOVES,

Mantels, Grates, Tinware.

TIN-ROOFING,
GUTTERING,
and SPOUTING.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS EXECUTED IN BEST MANNER

NEW

SPRING GOODS

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS,

And at Low Prices to

KANSAS FARMERS

Address an Open Letter to Their Delegation in Congress

Demanding Legislation for Their Relief,

And Showing the Dire State of Affairs of the Agricultural Interests of the State. Hundreds of Farms of Industrious Farmers Now in the Hands of Unscrupulous Capitalists.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 18.—The Farmers' Alliance has addressed an open letter to the Kansas delegation in congress, demanding the legislation for the relief of the agricultural interests of the state. The letter says:

"We call attention to the fact that a single law firm in one city in southern Kansas now has the contract for the foreclosure of 1,800 mortgages. This means 1,800 homesteads transferred from the hands of so many industrious families to the hands of capitalists, either domestic or foreign.

"The foreclosure of these mortgages is in accordance with a preconceived purpose to gain possession of these farms, and people them with a more servile tenantry imported from foreign lands for this especial purpose. Foreclosure and evictions are taking place in very many parts of the state, and we need not go all the way to Europe to witness scenes of cruelty in matters of this kind. All over the state the homes of our people are imperiled. They are struggling against adverse circumstances, and almost against hope to sustain themselves until relief shall come.

"The people believe that these conditions are largely due to vicious legislation. They have been promised by each of the political parties that something would be done for their relief, but both parties have been tried and both have thus far failed even to attempt any measure contemplating a betterment of the condition of the industrial masses. They have seen that while they have been compelled to sacrifice their products in many instances absolutely below cost of production, in order to procure the common necessities of life, and in the effort, in many cases unsuccessful, to keep the sheriff from invading their homes, their representatives in congress are engaged in the consideration of every imaginable question except such questions as contemplated relief to the distress of their constituents. There are measures which the farmers demand shall have immediate attention. These relate to questions of money, of transportation, and of the ownership of American lands."

The letter then goes on to say: "The distress of the people is crying aloud for relief. They believe that very many of the questions that are receiving the attention of congress are far less urgent than those upon which the safety of their homes and the welfare of their families depend. They believe that the white citizens of Kansas have some rights as well as the colored citizens of the south. They believe that fallen heroes, both white and black, in past struggles for liberty and the perpetuity of our institutions can afford to wait for one moment until the rights of living heroes in the present struggle for American homes receive some recognition by the men who have been chosen to represent them in congress. Behind these demands are more than 100,000 ballots in the state of Kansas, and the time is coming and is not far distant when legislators will heed the voice of their constituents."

WON'T ANSWER INQUIRIES.

Commissioner Raum Has Something to Say About Pension Claims.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Commissioner of Pensions Raum says that to answer the calls made by members of congress alone would require the entire time of over 100 examiners, and to answer the requests relating to calls from congressmen and attorneys would take the time of over 500 men. He announces that in the future he will refuse to answer the requests of either claimants, attorneys or members of congress for the status of any claim. He thinks that it is time thrown away to answer these letters, because the claimant asking for the information will be made aware of any testimony that may be needed to make the claim perfect at the time it is taken up for adjudication, and that sufficient time to furnish the necessary proof will be given. Thus it will be seen, as he says, that all the time spent on giving the status of cases before the office is ready to take them up for adjudication is time wasted.

Shotgun and Revolver Duel.

CARROLLTON, Ky., March 18.—Saturday night Tobe Dean, colored, employed by Granville Bailey, near Worthville, went to the house, drinking and using abusive language to the latter and his family, and making demonstration toward a pistol on his person. Mr. Bailey went into the house for his shotgun and as he came out both began firing. Dean fired three shots, but fell dead from Bailey's shot. One of Dean's shots took effect on Mrs. Bailey, who was standing near her husband, striking her in the hip, inflicting only a flesh wound.

Poisoned their Sweethearts.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., March 18.—A lynching bee will follow if William Davis and John Hile, who are wanted for murder, are caught. The fellows, who are rejected lovers of Lucinda Brooks and Ida Askew, called on them Friday, persuaded them out for a walk, and then induced them to drink from a bottle containing arsenic, under the belief that it was a fine drink. Miss Brooks died in great agony from poisoning, and Miss Askew is in a precarious condition.

Kentucky Colored Normal School.

HOPKINSVILLE, March 18.—The committee appointed by the different colored Baptist associations of Kentucky, which have been in session in this city for several days, have decided to locate the Kentucky Normal school in this city. The school is for the education of colored ministers and school teachers, and agents will immediately be sent out to secure an indorsement fund.

M. B. McKRELL, NEW STORE

In order to enliven up business during the remainder of February, will offer the

Following Grand Bargains:

Good Dress Buttons, 1 cent per dozen; Sewing Machine Needles, 1 cent each; good Pins, 1 cent per paper; Torchon Lace, 1 cent per yard; fine Toilet Soap, 2 cents a cake; Job lot of Ribbons, closing out at 5 cents a yard; lovely Tips, worth 50 cents, now go at 5 cents; Felt Hats only 10 cents; Best Dark Prints at 5 cents a yard; good Brown Cotton, 5 cents per yard; good Bleach Cotton, 5 cents per yard; Hope Lonsdale, 7 1/2 cents; Tobacco Cotton, 1 3/4 cents; Checked Nainsook at 5 cents, worth 8 cents; Striped Cotton Hose at 5 cents a pair; good basting Thread, 5 cents per dozen; one lot of odd sizes in Kid Gloves, worth 75 cents to \$1.25, now only 50 cents.

BARGAINS IN ALL

WOOLEN GOODS, JEANS and FLANNELS.

We are receiving new Spring Goods in every department, and would be glad to have you call and examine our stock. We will take great pleasure in convincing you of the known fact that you can save money by buying your Dry Goods at

MCKRELL'S SPOT CASH STORE, SUTTON STREET.

'90-WOODLAND FARM STALLIONS-'90

BILLY ENFIELD, (four-year-old stallion, 235) foaled 188; sired by Enfield, 229, sire of four 230 performers and the dams of eight, including the great campaigners Referees, etc., 218; Annie H., 220, and the great two-year-old Gambrel, 225. First dam Endrowman, by Ericson, 230; second dam by Donapah, by Old Pilot; third and fourth dams thoroughbred. **BILLY ENFIELD** is not only a trotter but a great individual, capturing a number of first premiums as model roadster and herd stallion. Terms—\$25 to insure, or \$20 cash for the season. See previous reports.

YELLOW JACK, (4) The well-known Saddle Stallion, sired by Wells' Yellow Jacket, sire Thos. L. Young, 218, and others. Dam by Shooting Star. Further pedigree and details unnecessary, as he is best known and has taken more first premiums than any Saddle Stallion ever stood in Mason County. Terms—\$10 to insure. For further particulars address **D. SAM WHITE**, Woodland Farm, Bernard, Mason County, Ky.

OUR MOTTO:

GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES!

White Fish, per kit.....	55
Nice Mackerel, each.....	10
6 pounds Fresh Oatmeal.....	25
Ho-Ho-Flakes, per quart.....	5
Powdered Milk, 1 lb. Mansfield, per gallon.....	25
Headlight Oil, (Geo. Rice's) per gallon.....	10
Best Rio Coffee (roasted) per pound.....	25
Best Mocha and Java Coffee, per pound.....	30
10 bars good Soap.....	25
Good Potatoes, per peck.....	10
Good Pickles, per hundred.....	20

Remember our Barn sale will positively take place on Saturday, March 15, at 10 cents per dozen.

Farmers! Farmers! Farmers!

WANTED.—One thousand dozen Chickens, at once. Highest cash price paid.

HILL & CO. HEADQUARTERS

Horse Supply Goods

And at this time of the year I am prepared to fill all orders for Farming or Plow Harness. Large stock of

Collars, Hames

and Trace-Chains

of the best quality. If you need anything in this line it will pay you to come and see me, as my prices shall be the lowest. Thanking you for your past kind patronage, I am respectfully,

GEO. SCHROEDER.

P. S. I am special agent for a few horse remedies which are guaranteed to cure every case they specify. Invaluable to horse owners. For further information call on or address me for circulars.

REMOVAL SALE.

Prices cut in two for the next thirty days, at **Mrs. ANNA FRAZER'S**.

GEORGE W. COOK,

House, Sign and Ornamental

Painter and Paper-Hanger.

Shop north side of Fourth street, between limestone and Market, Maysville, Ky. 3200

Administrators' Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of Peter Malloy, deceased, are notified to present them, properly verified, to the undersigned for payment. Persons owing the estate are notified to call and settle at once.

THOMAS MALLOY, } Adm'r.

J. E. MALLOY.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Superintendent of the Mason County Infirmary until the 27th of March, 1890, for the purpose of furnishing the labor to paint the buildings of the Infirmary—two coats on the outside, one on the inside. The Directors reserve the right to reject all or any bids.

M. D. FARROW, Chairman.

MARVELOUS MEMORY

Mind wandering cured. Books learned in one reading. Testimonials from parts of the globe. Prospective price, \$100, including application to Dr. A. Collier, 227 Fifth Ave., New York.

44-dtu&fr-wm

OPIUM

and Whiskey Habit cured at home with regular doses sent **FREE**. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 65½ Whitehall St.

A. HAYS

—WILL OPEN A—

Dry Goods and Notions,

LADIES' AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

—AND—

BOOT and SHOE HOUSE

On or about March 25th, with a complete line of the latest and best assorted stock in the city. Wait for us. Respectfully,

A. HAYS,

OLD BEE HIVE STAND, SUTTON ST.

WINCHESTER'S

BOOM

The Gateway City's Great Sale of Lots,

—ON—

March 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22.

WINCHESTER, the "Gateway City" to the mountains of Eastern Kentucky, with its marvelous growth from 2,300 to 8,100 population in four years, offers unprecedented advantages to investors. Its three trunk lines crossing on their way North, South, East and West, and the recently completed Kentucky Union Railway tapping the rich coal, mineral and timber region of Eastern Kentucky, its hemp factories, planing mills, flour mills, immense tobacco-industry, male and female colleges, system of public schools, twelve churches, three national banks, five building associations, broad streets, the best half mile track in Kentucky with an eminently successful trotting association, handsome business blocks, elegant residences, combined with its excellent social advantages and the generous hospitality of its people, render it the most desirable point in Eastern Kentucky for investors, manufacturers, wage-workers, and home-seekers.

REMEMBER THE DATE.—Sales will begin at nine o'clock each morning, and a large number of beautiful building lots and manufacturing sites from the best property in the city will be sold. All railroads will furnish half-fare rates. For further information, address

COMMERCIAL CLUB,

WINCHESTER, KY.

New Stock of Wall Papers!

Sixty-one thousand bolts of Wall Paper our Spring purchase. You will find we have the finest papers ever brought to this city, and also the cheapest. What we had left from last season we will sell at any price, and start the ball rolling by quoting our new purchase of Wall Papers at 5 cents and upwards—elegant papers, too. This is not a removal sale, but our regular prices, and we intend to undersell all others. Call before the rush, as you can select at greater leisure.

GREENWOOD'S PAINT STORE.